PUMA literature review template

Study/Paper				
	otady, i apei			
Authors, title, date,				
source				
Purpose				
Contribution to				
review				
TCVICVV				
Design/Methods				
Participants/Setting				
r articipants/setting				
Data type				
 Theoretical				
framework				
Hamework				
Quality Appraisal				
Tool				
Quality Assessment				
Quality Assessment				
Intervention type				
Farman Latindry				
Formal study				
finding				
Recommendations				

Context				
History of intervention				
Country				
Organisation type (i.e. DGH, tertiary hospital, primary care)				
PEWS (efferent) wider activity system elements and inter-relationships with TTT [decision algorithms, CCOT, MET, ICU liaison, PICU, HDU]				
Infra-structural context [other related artefacts]				
Related activity systems [QI, audit, governance, referral processes and inter-relationships with TTT]				
Socio-cultural context [including experience of QI, stability of team and division of labour, teaching-non-teaching etc]				
Wider policy/organisational context				
Intervention (TIDieR)				
Name				
Rationale, theory or goal of the elements – active ingredients - identified as essential to the intervention [DA: this could be explicit or implicit in the paper]				
What (materials): Describe any physical or informational materials used in the intervention, including those provided to participants or used in intervention delivery or in training of intervention providers.				
TTT Affordances (including but not limited to indicative list): • Paper/electronic				

- \A/b - +	
• What	
observations/information	
are recorded?	
Harrista data disalam da	
How is data displayed?	
Single parameter/	
Aggregated weighting	
Aggregated weighting	
 Response algorithm(s) 	
(including details)	
 Parental/patient 	
involvement	
Manual or automated	
monitoring	
 Proactive 	
intermittent/continuous	
monitoring	
monitoring	
 Linked artefacts (e.g 	
SBAR)	
 Audit/performance 	
surveillance	
What (procedures) describe each of the	
What (procedures): describe each of the procedures, activities, and/or processes	
used in the intervention, including any	
enabling or supportive activities.	
Who provided: For each category of	
intervention provider (for example,	
nursing assistant, nurse, junior doctor) describe their expertise, background and	
any specific training given and also the	
roles and relationships within the overall	
division of labour.	

How: Describe the mechanisms (implicit or explicit) about how the intervention, or intervention components have their effects				
How: Describe the modes of TTT delivery (such as face to face or some other mechanism such as phone or internet), or whether the intervention was provided individually or in a group.				
When and how much: Describe the number of times the intervention was delivered and over what period of time, including the number of sessions, schedule and intensity of dose (universal or selective application)				
Tailoring: If the intervention was planned to be personalised or adapted, then describe what, why, when and how.				
Modifications: If the intervention was modified during the course of the study, describe the changes (What, why, when, and how)				
Assessment of intervention adherence or fidelity, describe how and by whom, and if any strategies were used to maintain or improve fidelity, describe them				
If intervention adherence or fidelity was assessed, describe the extent to which the intervention was delivered as planned				
Implementation (NPT) (questions modified from Murray et al. 2010 and kennedy et al 2013)				
Coherence [i.e. the meaning attributed to PEWS and whether it makes sense for users e.g. cultural and scientific legitimacy, feasibility]	Policy	Organisational	Professional	Patient/family
Evidence that the intervention was easy to describe				

 Evidence that 	it was recognised		
as different fr	om existing ways		
of working by			
 Evidence that 			
	ll relevant actors		
 Evidence that 			
recognise the			
	will bring and to		
whom			
	the intervention		
	e overall goals and		
activity of the			
Cognitive Participation			
commitment and eng	agement with the		
intervention]			
Evidence that	the target group		
	vention was a good		
idea			
 Evidence that 	they were		
prepared to in	nvest time and		
energy and w	ork in it?		
 Evidence that 	the stakeholders		
	engagement with		
the intervent	ion was		
appropriate			
	the stakeholders		
	eps to sustain the		
use of the inte			
Collective Action [wh			
resources required to	enact the		
intervention?]			
How did the i	ntervention affect		
the user grou	ps?		
What work w	as undertaken to		
operationalise	e the intervention?		
Did it promot	e or impede their		
work?			
 Did staff requ 	ire extensive		
training befor	e they can use it?		
How compati			
	with existing work		
practices?			
	did it have on the		
	oour, resources,		
power and re			
	erent professional		
groups?			
	the overall goals		
and activity o	f the organisation?		

Reflexive Monitoring [i.e methods for				
formal and informal evaluation of the				
effects of the intervention]				
 Did stakeholders take practical steps to measure the influence of the intervention? How did users perceive the intervention once it has been in use for a while? Was the intervention seen as advantageous for patients and staff? Was it clear what effects the intervention has had (including unintended consequences)? Did users' contribute feedback on the intervention once it is in use? Was the intervention be adapted/improved on the basis 				
of this experience? Findings (positive, negative and of the control of the contr	uninton	dod consoguence	ss) and usoful o	ontont
Findings (positive, negative and)	uninten	aea consequence	es) and userui d	ontent
Emergent theories about key ingredients and mechanisms (including summary of supporting evidence)				
Emergent theories of the factors necessary for paediatric EWS to be normalised (including summary of supporting evidence)				
Additional Insights of note (including references to follow up)				