

Supplementary Material 28 Cost effectiveness scenario analysis – exponential 30% decay in efficacy per annum

	Costs	QALYs	ICER	Incremental net health benefit (95% CI)		
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)		k=£15,000	k=£20,000	k=£30,000
	[P(most costly)]	[P(most effective)]		[Probability of being cost-effective]		
Control	£642.06 (507.14, 798.4) [0.085]	17.79359 (17.77337, 17.81535) [0.019]		- - [0.06]	- - [0.052]	- - [0.041]
SWAL only	£691.19 (563.3, 846.93) [0.216]	17.80781 (17.78673, 17.828) [0.21]	£3,454.82	0.011 (-0.015, 0.035) [0.294]	0.012 (-0.014, 0.035) [0.261]	0.013 (-0.011, 0.036) [0.241]
SWAL plus desk	£747.60 (641.42, 868.39) [0.699]	17.81906 (17.79911, 17.83765) [0.771]	£5,015.80	0.018 (-0.013, 0.054) [0.646]	0.02 (-0.011, 0.053) [0.687]	0.022 (-0.009, 0.053) [0.718]