Supplementary Material 29 Cost effectiveness scenario analysis – exponential 20% decay in efficacy per annum

·	Costs	QALYs	-	Incremental net health benefit (95% CI)		
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	ICER	k=£15,000	k=£20,000	k=£30,000
	[P(most costly)]	[P(most effective)]		[Probability of being cost-effective]		
		-	-			
Control	£642.06	17.79359		-	-	-
	(507.14, 798.4)	(17.77337, 17.81535)		-	-	-
	[0.085]	[0.001]		[0.008]	[0.005]	[0.003]
SWAL only	£691.19	17.81400		0.017	0.018	0.019
	(563.3, 846.93)	(17.79118, 17.83704)	£2,406.63	(-0.011,	(-0.01, 0.044)	(-0.007,
				0.045)		0.045)
	[0.216]	[0.097]		[0.162]	[0.139]	[0.121]
SWAL plus desk	£747.60	17.83461		0.034	0.036	0.038
	(641.42, 868.39)	(17.81298, 17.8545)	£2,737.29	(0.001, 0.07)	(0.003, 0.071)	(0.006, 0.071)
	[0.699]	[0.902]		[0.83]	[0.856]	[0.876]