

Supplementary Material 33 Cost effectiveness scenario analysis – EQ-5D-5L preference values

	Costs	QALYs	ICER	Incremental net health benefit (95% CI)		
	(95% CI) [P(most costly)]	(95% CI) [P(most effective)]		k=£15,000	k=£20,000	k=£30,000
				[Probability of being cost-effective]		
Control	£642.06 (507.14, 798.4) [0.085]	17.82590 (17.81363, 17.83771) [0.019]		- - [0.114]	- - [0.084]	- - [0.059]
SWAL only	£691.19 (563.3, 846.93) [0.216]	17.83591 (17.82183, 17.84935) [0.2]	£4,907.09	0.007 (-0.015, 0.028) [0.334]	0.008 (-0.013, 0.027) [0.308]	0.008 (-0.011, 0.027) [0.263]
SWAL plus desk	£747.60 (641.42, 868.39) [0.699]	17.84282 (17.82935, 17.85796) [0.781]	£8,163.38	0.01 (-0.011, 0.031) [0.552]	0.012 (-0.007, 0.032) [0.608]	0.013 (-0.004, 0.033) [0.678]