Supplementary Material 36 Cost effectiveness scenario analysis –1.5% discounting of costs and QALYs

	Costs	QALYs	Incremental net health benefit (95% CI)			
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	ICER	k=£15,000	k=£20,000	k=£30,000
	[P(most costly)]	[P(most effective)]		[Probability of being cost-effective]		
ī	£646.26	24,20423	[-	-	-
Control	(512.02, 812.49)	(24.19282, 24.21716)		-	-	-
	[0.087]	[0.005]		[0.046]	[0.028]	[0.018]
ľ	£692.71	24.21901		0.012	0.012	0.013
SWAL only	(561.04, 839.06)	(24.20149, 24.24459)	£3,143.24	(-0.013, 0.044)	(-0.011, 0.044)	(-0.009, 0.044)
	[0.212]	[0.244]		[0.319]	[0.298]	[0.276]
	£748.50	24.22765		0.017	0.018	0.02
SWAL plus desk	(647.87, 867.02)	(24.20596, 24.24545)	£6,454.95	(-0.01, 0.041)	(-0.006, 0.041)	(-0.004, 0.042)
	[0.701]	[0.751]		[0.635]	[0.674]	[0.706]