

Supplementary Material 39 Cost effectiveness scenario analysis –50-year-old recipient

	Costs	QALYs	ICER	Incremental net health benefit (95% CI)		
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)		k=£15,000	k=£20,000	k=£30,000
	[P(most costly)]	[P(most effective)]		[Probability of being cost-effective]		
Control	£603.97 (473.95, 776.06) [0.063]	16.03678 (16.01676, 16.05695) [0.026]		- - [0.09]	- - [0.064]	- - [0.042]
SWAL only	£655.99 (535.25, 817.19) [0.196]	16.05092 (16.03023, 16.07064) [0.31]	£3,680.35	0.011 (-0.016, 0.038) [0.38]	0.012 (-0.014, 0.038) [0.371]	0.012 (-0.012, 0.037) [0.361]
SWAL plus desk	£718.06 (610.3, 847.45) [0.741]	16.05774 (16.03945, 16.07483) [0.664]	£9,098.75	0.013 (-0.02, 0.045) [0.53]	0.015 (-0.017, 0.046) [0.565]	0.017 (-0.014, 0.048) [0.597]