

# BRIEF GUIDANCE FOR ENHANCING FEEDBACK REPORTS FOLLOWING AN AUDIT July 2015

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Brief Description and Rationale	How to apply	Consensu s Rating (1 low – 5 high)	Quotes from Acceptability and Feasibility interviews
Control Theory applied to transfusion          Set goal in light of feedback: Increase number of casesfor which pertransfusion Hb taken to 90%       Audit Standards (e.g. Pre- transfusion Hb taken in 100% of cases)         Action planning in light of feedback       Audit number of cases had pre-transfusion Hb taken to 90%         Note discrepancy between goal and performance       Audit number of cases had pre-transfusion Hb taken (e.g. 80%)         *       Closely linked, continuous cycle. Requires clear link between what is fed back and the original goal that is set (i.e. audit standards). Any additional information (i.e. on clinical context) may interrupt or dilute this cycle         •       Consistent comments in interviews with clinical staff that current NCA reports are 'too long'	<ul> <li>The main feedback report(s) should only contain information that is clearly linked to the audit standards</li> <li>Minimal information on clinical context may be included to support interpretation of feedback</li> <li>Remaining information on clinical context should be placed in a supplementary file/ appendix</li> <li>Graded entry approach:</li> <li>Level 1: Key findings report- 1 page results, 1 page recommendations, 1 page action plan. Intended for wider dissemination throughout hospital (i.e. consultants, nurses, junior doctors)</li> <li>Level 2: Full report- contains detailed feedback related to only the main audit standards, recommendations + action plan (intended for hospital transfusion team – i.e. nurses, consultant haematologists, lab managers)</li> <li>Level 3: Supplementary findings- reference resource intended for those with an interest the additional information on clinical context</li> <li>PowerPoint: focused on key findings, intended for presentation within HTC meetings/ more widely within hospital</li> <li>See pp. 13-19 Full Enhancement Guidance Report.</li> </ul>		'Perfect. Absolutely perfect. Perfect for meI mean I'm a big believer in simplicity to be honest. I think people make things far, far, far too complicated and nowadays people just haven't got the time to sit down for three hours trying to work out what something's saying. You need to be clear, concise and direct' [Consultant Haematologist re. Level 1 report]

(1) Short, Relevant, Punchy: Ensure feedback delivered is clearly related to an audit standard, and place supplementary findings in an appendix report

*Example:* See prototype enhanced reports (Appendices 1-4) and blank templates for each level of enhanced report (Appendices 5-8). © (2015) NHS Blood & Transplant. All rights reserved

#### Example feedback not related to audit standards:

\* The median age was 64 years, IQR 49 to 68 years, range 0-95 years

#### \* 59% (1948) were men and 41% (1347) were women

(2) Who should do what, to whom, when and where: Ensure audit standards, feedback, recommendations and action plans are behaviourally specific
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Brief Description and Rationale		on and Rationale How to apply				Consensus Rating (1 Iow – 5 high)	Quotes from Acceptability and Feasibility interviews	
implement (Michie et al Evidence	Evidence that guidelines are more likely to be mplemented if they are behaviourally specific Michie et al. 2005) Evidence A&F more effective when it includes explicit action plans and goals (Ivers 2012)		ecific udes	<ul> <li>Behavioural specificity = Who should do what, to whom, when, where?</li> <li><u>Who</u> is responsible for performing behaviour (e.g. Nurses)</li> <li><u>What</u> action is performed (e.g. Check wristband)</li> </ul>	4.42	'This action planwe can <b>set timeframes</b> within it and we can <b>task</b> <b>people with it</b> so I think that sort of thing trusts		
A&F Cycle	Who responsible Specified	Doing <i>What</i> Specified	Where Specified	When Specified	To Whom Specified	<ul> <li><u>Who</u> is the recipient of the behaviour (Patient group)</li> <li><u>When</u> behaviour is performed (e.g. Immediately</li> </ul>		would love because it gives you a very concrete thing, " <b>This is</b>
Medical Use of Blood	4%	67%	0%	45%	97%	pre-transfusion) - <u>Where</u> behaviour is performed (e.g. At the bedside)		what we're doing, this is who is doing it, this is when we will do it
Platelets II	34%	96%	0%	30%	55%	Specified behaviour = Nurses should check patients' wristbands at the bedside immediately pre-transfusion.		<b>by</b> , and check that we do"we need this
Neonate s & Children	12%	87%	4%	20%	60%	* To the extent that is appropriate/feasible, phrase audit standards, feedback, recommendations and action		practical stuff.' [Regiona TP re. Action Plan template]
						<ul> <li>plans so that they are behaviourally specific.</li> <li>* See pp. 20-24 Full Enhancement Guidance</li> <li>Report.</li> </ul>		

#### Example of behaviourally specified.....

AUDIT STANDARD	FEEDBACK	RECOMMENDATION	ACTION PLAN

'A post-transfusion Hb	'Clinical staff [who] took a	Clinical staff [who] should take a	See action planning template in
concentration is taken [what] by clinical staff [who] in 100% of adult medical patients [whom] within 3 days following transfusion [when], preferably the same day' *'where' not specified	posttransfusion Hb concentration [what] in 100% of adult medical patients [whom] within 3 days following transfusion [when]'	post-transfusion [when] Hb concentration [what] in 100% of adult medical patients [whom]. If there are good clinical justifications for not taking a post-transfusion Hb concentration (e.g. chronically transfused patients), alternative outcome measures should be assessed and recorded (e.g. checking symptoms of anaemia) [what]	prototype enhanced reports.

(3) Complete each step of the loop: Include behaviour change techniques (BCTs) consistent with Control Theory in each feedback report

Brief Description and Rationale	How to apply	Consensus	Quotes from Acceptability
		Rating	and Feasibility interviews
		(1 low –	
		5 high)	

Action planning in light of feedback	setting (behaviour)	BCT from each cluster of BCTs associated with CT: (1) Goal-setting - Goal-setting (Beh) - Goal-setting (Outcome) -Review Beh. Goal -Review Outcome Goal (2) Monitoring - Self-monitoring (Beh.) - Self-monitoring		'I quite like the fact that the template seems to be the same throughout the document, <b>so you've got</b> <b>your standard</b> [ <i>Goal-setting</i> ], you've got, you know, "Why is it important? What are your recommendations?" <b>You've</b> <b>got your results</b> [ <i>Feedback</i> ], <b>then straight away your</b> <b>recommendations and</b> <b>action plan</b> [ <i>goal-setting/</i> <i>Action Planning</i> ], so that's quite nice, it's <b>all there on</b> <b>one page</b> so you don't have to flick around to find the
BCT	% Documents featured in (n=12)	(Outcome)		information.' [TP re. Level 2 report ]
Goal-setting (behaviour)	92%	(3) Feedback		
Goal-setting (outcome)	8%	-Feedback (Beh)		
Review behavioural goal	0%	-Feedback (Outcome)		
Review outcome goal	0%	-Discrepancy between Beh/Goal		
Self-monitoring of behaviour	42%	Den/Oddi		
Self-monitoring of outcome of behaviour	8%	(4) Action Planning		
Feedback on behaviour 58%		-Problem Solving - Action Planning		
Feedback on outcome of behaviour	42%	- Action Flamming		
Discrepancy behaviour/goal	58%	See pp. 25-36 Full		
Problem solving	42%	Enhancement Guidance Report.		
Action planning	58%	Caldance Report.		

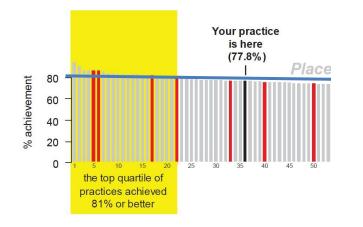
#### Example:

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BCT	Example in A&F reports
Goal-setting (Behaviour)	Audit standards: 'a pre-transfusion Hb is taken in 100% of patients within three days of the transfusion, preferably the same day'
Self-monitoring of the behaviour	Audit data collection (i.e. audit tool)
Feedback on behaviour + Discrepancy between behaviour and goal	<ul> <li>Feedback on performance in relation to the audit standards: <ul> <li>A pre-transfusion Hb concentration was taken by clinical staff in 91% (29/32) of our patients.</li> <li>For 50% (16/32) the pre-transfusion Hb was taken on the same day as the red cell transfusion, and in 85% (27/32) within three days prior to transfusion.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Action Planning	Action Planning template (see prototype enhanced reports)
Goal-setting (behaviour) <i>in</i> <i>light of</i> <i>feedback</i>	Recommendations: 'Our hospital's performance did not reach the audit standard and is lower than the national average. We should formulate an action plan to increase performance towards 100%'

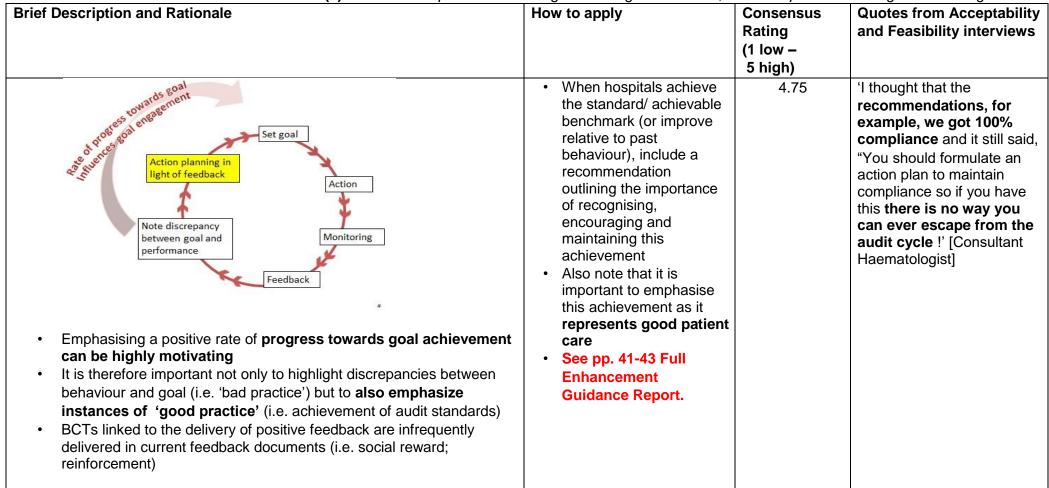
		(4) How do we	<b>compare?</b> Consider multiple comparators
Brief Description and Rationale	How to apply	Consensus Rating (1 low – 5 high)	Quotes from Acceptability and Feasibility interviews
<ul> <li>'There is a theoretical basis for including comparison data in feedback as a means of motivating recipient to change behaviour' (Ivers et al 2014)</li> <li>CT argues that current behaviour should be compared against the set goal (i.e. audit standards)</li> <li>Other potentially valuable comparators to consider: <ul> <li>Current NCA reports typically include national median and regional performance as comparators</li> <li>Evidence that A&amp;F which includes 'achievable benchmarks of care' (i.e. top 10% of peers) leads to greater improvements in processes of care than those receiving comparisons to median performance of peers (Ivers et al 2014; Weissman et al. 1999)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consider including alternative comparators in addition to the audit standards, National median, and regional comparisons currently used</li> <li>In particular, include achievable comparators (i.e. top 10%)</li> <li>Graphs (see example below) can be an effective way of communicating multiple comparative data</li> <li>Past performance is also a potential comparator</li> <li>See pp. 37-40 Full Enhancement Guidance Report.</li> </ul>	5.00	<ul> <li>'See, I like that because actually you've shown me what the national picture was in this graph.' (Consultant Obstetrician)</li> <li>'It would be nice to compare with trusts of similar size, I can't compare us, for instance, with Hospital X because they're a big centre that do thoracic surgery so their use of blood would be different than ours . If would be quite nice to be able to look at our use within departments. You don't break it down that small so within oncology, for instance, what do we do compared to other oncology units, that would be quite helpful. But I think that's probably asking a bit too much' (TP)</li> </ul>

#### Example:



This example graph from the ASPIRE trial includes the following comparators:

- The audit standard (horizontal blue bar)
- Regional (i.e. red bars indicating other practices within the same district)
- Achievable benchmark (i.e. top quartile highlighted in yellow)



(5) Well done: If performance is high/achieving the standard, include a positive message of encouragement

#### Example recommendations:

□ IF hospital has achieved the standard (i.e. 100%): 'Our hospital's performance reached the audit standard and was higher than the national average. This represents the high quality of patient care we are delivering, and should be recognised and encouraged. We should formulate an action plan that aims to maintain this high level of performance

### (6) Mode of Delivery

Brief Description and Rationale	Formatting and Presentation Recommendation	Example	Quotes from Acceptability and Feasibility interviews
<ul> <li>Prototype enhanced reports (Appendices 1-4) were piloted in four hospitals. Clinical staff were asked for their opinions on these reports and suggestions as to how they may be improved.</li> <li>As well as the five enhancements, the interviews identified other general recommendations related</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clinical staff consistently reported a strong preference for feedback delivered in a visual format (i.e. graphs, tables, charts) rather than text.</li> <li>Where possible, consider presenting key findings in a visual format.</li> <li>See pp. 44-46 Full Enhancement Guidance Report.</li> </ul>	Who made the decision to transfuse 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9%	'But I don't know, you see all this text here? If maybe that could be displayed in a graph or a pie chart; something just a little bit more visually. So rather than having to read from top to bottom, they can just glance at it and be able to know what the results actually state.'

to formatting and presentation of the reports.	<ul> <li>Font preferences included:</li> <li>Large, readable font size</li> <li>In general, red was not a valued font colour         <ul> <li>(negative associations- i.e. danger)</li> <li>Use of colour to                 emphasise key findings,                 discrepancies, and                 comparative data</li> <li>See pp. 47 Full                 Enhancement Guidance                 Report.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Clinical staff displayed                 consistent preference for a                       clear, consistent structure                      and layout to feedback                      report                       In particular, use of clear                       sub-headings phrased as                       questions See pp. 48-                             Full Enhancement</li></ul>	% of patients with a pre-transfusion Hb concentration greater than 100g/I		'It's good that the data in this section on our hospital's current performance in 2014
		%National 20144% (6/136)Our Hospital 20146% (2/32)Hospital A0% (0/30)Hospital B10% (4/42)Hospital C6% 2/32)		has been highlighted yellowThat really draws your eye to it and it's what you look at for a while.' [Consultant obstetrician]
		<ul> <li>Layout of Level 2 Full Finding</li> <li>&lt; Audit Standard&gt;</li> <li><how did="" hospital="" li="" our="" perfection<=""> <li><how compare="" do="" important="" is="" of="" standard="" this="" to="" we=""></how></li> <li><what do="" li="" next?<="" should="" we=""> <li>See Appendix 2</li> </what></li></how></li></ul>	orm?> ther hospitals?> <why ??</why 	<ul> <li>"I quite like the fact that the template seems to be</li> <li>the same throughout the document, so you've got your standard, you've got, you know, "Why is it important? What are your recommendations?"</li> <li>You've got your results, so that's quite nice, it is clear and focused.' [TP]</li> </ul>

Clinical staff felt at times the NCA feedback reports were slightly impersonal	A pre-transfusion Hb concentration was taken by <b>our clinical staff</b> in 91% (29/32) of our patients.	'I thought that the recommendations given sometimes came across
Consider phrasing feedback in a personalised manner throughout by using terms such as 'we' or 'our' hospital instead of 'your' hospital.	In our hospital, the primary reason for red cell transfusion was anaemia in 88% (28/32) of adult medical patients Our hospital did not achieve this standard We should formulate an action plan to increase performance towards 100%. 'Our hospital's performance has achieved this standard. This achievement represents the high standard of care that we are providing to our patients. We should recognise and encourage this, and formulate an action plan to maintain our high standard of patient care'	as a little bit impersonal. They felt a bit like standard comments that might not apply to the situation or us in particular'[Consultant Haematologist]

## SUMMARY: ENHANCEMENTS QUICK GUIDE

Enhancements checklist

Enhancement	Checklist ✓						
1. Short, Relevant,	Graded Entry Approach applied using prototype reports+ templates						
Punchy: Ensure	provided						
feedback	Level 1: Key Findings Report						
delivered is -	Report kept as short as possible <i>clearly related to</i> - In total, 1-2						
	um (i.e. key finding for each standard) an audit standard, - No						
information on clinica	I context; just sample size						
and place -	Recommendations for each standard supplementary -						
	ed dissemination list findings in an - Action planning template						
appendix report.							
	- Lovel 2: Full Audit Depart						
	Level 2: <i>Full Audit Report</i> Statement emphasising importance of audit topic to patient care						
	- Consistent format throughout for each standard (i.e. standard + key						
	finding+ statement of why standard is important+ recommendation)						
	- Minimal supporting information on clinical context essential to						
	interpreting main findings related to audit standards						
	- Action planning template						
	- Recommended dissemination list						
	Level 3: Supplementary Information Report - Detailed supporting						
	information:						
	* Information on						
	clinical context						
	* Audit details						
	PowerPoint (PPT)						
	<ul> <li>PPT kept as short as possible (aim for 10-15 min presentation)</li> <li>Statement emphasising importance of audit topic to patient care</li> </ul>						
	- Consistent format throughout for each standard (i.e. standard + key						
	finding+ statement of why standard is important+ recommendation)						
	- Minimal supporting information on clinical context essential to						
	interpreting main findings related to audit standards						
	- Action planning template						
	- Recommended dissemination list						
2. Who should do A	&F component Who What To Whom When Where What, to Whom, specified?						
specified? specified? specified?							
When, and Where:							
Ensure audit Standa							
feedback, Feedb							
and action plans	Action Plans						
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Enhancement	Checklist			
3. Complete each step of the loop: Include BCTs	<ul> <li>Each feedback report includes <u>at least one</u> BCT from each cluster of BCTs consistent with Control Theory:</li> </ul>			
consistent with	Cluster	BCT label		
Control Theory in <u>each</u> feedback report	1. Setting a goal	Goal-setting (Behaviour)		
		Goal-setting (Outcome of behaviour)		
	2. Monitoring current behaviour	Self-monitoring of behaviour		
		Self-monitoring of outcome of behaviour		
	3. Feedback	Feedback on behaviour		
		Feedback on outcome of behaviour		
	4. Discrepancy	Note discrepancy between behaviour and goal		
	5. Adaptation in light of feedback	Action planning		
		Problem solving		
		Review behavioural goal		
		Review outcome goal		
4. How do we compare? Consider multiple comparators	<ul> <li>Multiple comparators included when providing feedback on current clinical practice:</li> </ul>			
	- Current performance vs goal/target (i.e. audit standards)			
-	- Past performance (i.e. as part of a re-audit)			
	- Achievable benchmarks (i.e. top 10% of peers; upper quartiles)			
	<ul> <li>Like-for-Like comparisons (i.e. hospitals of same sizes, case mixes etc)</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Different clinical specialities/departments (i.e. gastroenterology vs obstetrics)</li> </ul>			
	- Regional comparators			
	- National median -			
	lf	Then		

5. Well done! If					
performance is high/achieving the standard, then include a positive message of encouragement	Hospit (i.e. 10	al has <u>achieved the standard</u> 00%)	<ul> <li>Provide a positive message of encouragement</li> <li>e.g. 'Your hospital has achieved this standard. Well done. This achievement represents the high standard of patient care provided within your hospital, which should be recognised and encouraged. You should consider formulating an action plan to maintain this high standard of patient care.'</li> <li>Or</li> <li>'Our hospital's performance has achieved this standard. This achievement represents the high standard of care that we are providing to our patients. We should recognise and encourage this, and formulate an action plan to maintain our high standard of patient care'</li> </ul>		
Enhancement		Checklist		<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	
Mode of Delivery		Feedback primarily provided in	visual format (i.e. graphs, charts,		
	tables) rather than text				
		Font is:			
	- Large/readable size				
	-	- Colour red is avoided			
	-	Colour is used to emphasise keep	ey findings		
		A consistent layout/structure is phrasing sub-headings as ques	adopted in the feedback reports, stions)		
	[e.g. Level 2 Full Audit Report: for each audit standard,:				
	- State standard				
	- Key finding related to audit standard (How did our hospital perform?)				
	-	- Comparative data (i.e. How do we compare to other hospitals?)			
	- Statement as to why this standard is important (Why is this standard				
	-	important?) Recommendations related to th	is standard (What should we do next?]		
	<ul> <li>Feedback and recommendations are personalised throughout using terms such as 'we' or 'our hospital/staff/patients' rather than 'your hospital'</li> </ul>				