

Standardisation of Surgical Procedures in PROSPECT

Please complete last column to indicate your own practice when performing prolapse surgery (circle or amend). If you vary your technique, please tell us about the one you use most often.

Name	
Centre	

1. Standard anterior repair

Date:/20	Procedures	Local practice (variations) Please circle or amend	
	Midline skin incision through fascial layer and dissection of bladder off cervix / vault	Midline incision Other (details)	
	+/- hydrodissection with 1 in 200,000 adrenaline	Yes No Volume:ml	
Anterior Repair Type 1	Dissect fascia off vaginal epithelium	Blunt dissection? Sharp dissection?	
Anterior Repair Type 2	Leave fascia on vaginal skin Dissection laterally (but not all the way to the 'white line') and sutures placed into fascia in this area	Blunt dissection? Sharp dissection?	
Closure	Fascia and skin closed separately (2-layer closure) Plicate fascia in midline if midline defect? Yes No Separate closure of other fascial defects? Yes No Paravaginal repair? Yes No Skin closed	FASCIA PDS or Vicryl? Fascial sutures:	

2. Standard Posterior repair

Date:/20	Procedures	Local practice (variations) Please circle or amend	
	Midline skin incision through fascial layer	Midline incision Other (details)	
	+/- hydrodissection with 1 in 200,000 adrenaline	Yes No Volume:ml	
Posterior Repair Type 1	Dissect fascia off vaginal epithelium	Blunt dissection? Sharp dissection?	
Posterior Repair Type 2	Leave fascia on vaginal skin Dissection laterally (but not all the way to the sacrospinous ligament) and sutures placed into fascia in this area	Blunt dissection? Sharp dissection?	
Rectal plication	Optional	Yes No	
Closure	Fascia and skin closed separately (2-layer closure) Plicate fascia over rectum in midline if midline defect? Yes No Separate closure of other fascial defects? Yes No Skin closed	FASCIA PDS or Vicryl? Fascial sutures:	
Levator plication in midline	NOT to be done as causes dyspareunia		
Rectal examination	PR examination during dissection or after operation to ensure sutures do not penetrate rectal wall	Yes No	

3. Mesh / graft inlay

Date:	Procedures	Local practice (variations)
/20		Please circle or amend
	Nonabsorbable mesh	Type:
	Biological graft	Type:
	Mesh Kit	Type:
	How many kit procedures have you performed?	<10; 10-20; 20-49; > 50
Lateral dissection of pubocervical fascia from	Separate bladder / rectum from fascia using blunt / sharp dissection	Blunt dissection? Sharp dissection?
vaginal wall	+/- hydrodissection with 1 in 200,000 adrenaline	Hydrodissection with 1 in 200,000 adrenaline?
	Dissect fascia off vaginal epithelium [Optional] Dissect out to pelvic side wall (white line or sacrospinous ligament)	Lateral dissection to white line or sacrospinous ligament?
Graft / mesh inlay	Cut material to size and lay below fascia (inlay, recommended):	Below fascial layer (INLAY),
	OR above fascial layer:	OR above fascial layer (OVERLAY)
	Size of mesh/graft:	Size of mesh patch:cm ²
	[Optional] soak mesh in Rifampicin?	Rifampicin?
	Other fluid?	Other fluid?
	ATTACHING THE MESH Fix at least 2 PDS/Vicryl sutures or 2 non-absorbable sutures to pelvic	PDS to attach mesh?
	side wall / coccygeus muscle on each side	Vicryl to attach mesh?
	each side	Non-absorbable suture?
	OR Attach to white line or sacrospinous ligament	Attach to white line (ant)?
	ilgament	Attach to sacrospinous ligament (post)?
	+/- Capio suturing device	Capio suturing device? Yes No
	(for anterior repair): Mesh should also be secured to vault or cervix with a suture(s)	Yes No

3. Mesh / graft inlay (continued)

Closure	Two-layer closure (PDS or Vicryl):	FASCIA
	Fascial sutures inserted back from skin edge over mesh/graft (INLAY) Skin closed as second layer	PDS or Vicryl? Fascial sutures:
(OVERLAY)	SKIN PDS or Vicryl? Skin sutures:	

4. Vaginal packs and lubricants

Date:/20	Procedures	Local practice (variations) Please circle or amend	
	Vaginal pack used for up to 24 hours	Yes	No
	(If yes) Lubricated?	Oestrogen	Proflavine
		Betadine	Dalacin
		Hibitane	Obstetric cream
		Saline	Savlon
		Aquagel	Dry pack

5. POP-Q standardisation

Date:/20	Recommended	Local practice (variations) Please circle or amend method used most often
Position	Lithotomy / in leg rests	Lithotomy / in leg rests On back on flat bed or table On side Standing up In theatre / under anaesthetic Sims speculum Plastic speculum (halved) Other
Conditions	Bladder status not specified but recorded	Full bladder Empty bladder Not specified but recorded Bladder status not assessed
	Bowel loading recorded	Bowel loading recorded Bowel loading not recorded
	Full extent of prolapse seen?	Full extent recorded Full extent not recorded
	During Valsalva / pushing down	At rest During Valsalva / pushing down During cough
	Ruler / measuring stick	Ruler / measuring stick Finger measure Estimate by eye