```
Model A1:
model {
for(i in 1:N) {
         r[i] \sim dbin(p[i],n[i])
         logit(p[i]) \le mu[s[i]] + (d[t[i]] - d[b[i]]) * (1-equals(t[i],b[i]))
         rhat[i] <- p[i] * n[i]
         dev[i] <- 2 * (r[i] * (log(r[i])-log(rhat[i])) + (n[i]-r[i]) * (log(n[i]-r[i]) - log(n[i]-rhat[i])))
         totresdev <- sum(dev[]) #total resedual deviance
for (i in 1:ns) { mu[i] \sim dnorm(0,0.000001) }
d[1] < -0
for (k \text{ in } 2:nt) \{ d[k] \sim dnorm(0,0.000001) \}
         OR[k] < -exp(d[k])
Model D2:
model {
for(i in 1:N) {
         r[i] \sim dbin(p[i],n[i])
         logit(p[i]) \le mu[s[i]] + (d[t[i]] - d[b[i]]) * (1-equals(t[i],b[i]))
          + (beta[t[i]]-beta[t[1]])*(mu[s[i]]-(Mean))*(1-equals(t[i],b[i]))
         rhat[i] <- p[i] * n[i]
         dev[i] <-2 * (r[i] * (log(r[i])-log(rhat[i])) + (n[i]-r[i]) * (log(n[i]-r[i]) - log(n[i]-rhat[i])))
totresdev <- sum(dev[])
d[1]<-0
for (i in 2:3) \{d[i] \sim dnorm(D.c[1], prec.d)\}
d[4] \sim dnorm(D.c[2], prec.d)
d[5] \sim dnorm(D.c[1], prec.d)
for (i in 6:9) \{d[i] \sim dnorm(D.c[2], prec.d)\}
d[10] < -D.c[3]
for (i in 1:3) { D.c[i]~dnorm(0.0,0.000001)}
prec.d < -1/(sd.d*sd.d)
sd.d\sim dunif(0,10)
for (i in 1:2) {D.pred[i]~dnorm(D.c[i],prec.d)}
beta[1]<-0
for (i in 2:nt) { beta[i] <- betaplac }
betaplac \sim \text{dnorm}(0,0.000001)
for (j in 1:ns) { mu[j]\sim dnorm(0,0.000001)}
A \sim dnorm (meanA, precA)
for (k \text{ in } 1:nt) \{ logit(T[k]) <- A + d[k] \}
for (k \text{ in } 1:\text{nt}) \{ OR[k] < -exp(d[k]) \}
}
d[1]=PLA, d[2]=SEC300, d[3]=SEC150, d[4]=CZP, d[5]=UST, d[6]=GOL, d[7]=ADA, d[8]=INF, d[9]=ETA,
d[10]=APR
```